



UNIT

1

Formation of Nouns

Exercise A

Choose the correct **noun** and write its number in the brackets.

Example

The audience showed their _____ by standing up and clapping.

- | | | |
|------------------|--------------------|-------|
| (1) appreciate | (2) appreciative | |
| (3) appreciation | (4) appreciatively | (3) |

1 Julie has always been interested in _____ .

- | | | |
|-----------------|------------------|-----|
| (1) photograph | (2) photographic | |
| (3) photography | (4) photographer | () |

2 When he heard the news he was overcome with _____ .

- | | | |
|-------------|------------|-----|
| (1) sadness | (2) sad | |
| (3) sadly | (4) sadden | () |

3 George is a very gifted _____ .

- | | | |
|----------------|----------------|-----|
| (1) piano | (2) pianist | |
| (3) pianoforte | (4) pianissimo | () |

4 The Internet is a wonderful source of _____ .

- | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----|
| (1) inform | (2) informative | |
| (3) informatively | (4) information | () |

5 Your passport shows your _____ .

- | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----|
| (1) nation | (2) national | |
| (3) nationality | (4) nationalist | () |

6 What forms of _____ do you enjoy?

- | | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|-----|
| (1) entertains | (2) entertain | |
| (3) entertainment | (4) entertainingly | () |



- 7 In many cultures, people nod to show _____.
(1) agree (2) agreeing
(3) agreement (4) agreed ()
- 8 A person of his _____ will get a job easily.
(1) able (2) unable
(3) ableness (4) ability ()
- 9 You can show a driving licence to prove your _____.
(1) identify (2) identifiable
(3) identified (4) identity ()
- 10 We need a _____ to help us understand this letter. It's written in German.
(1) translate (2) translating
(3) translated (4) translator ()
- 11 Sonia is very concerned about her _____. She's always looking in the mirror.
(1) appear (2) appearing
(3) appearance (4) appeared ()
- 12 The Japanese warriors showed exceptional _____.
(1) brave (2) braving
(3) braved (4) bravery ()
- 13 How did the universe come into _____ ?
(1) exist (2) existence
(3) existing (4) existed ()
- 14 The teacher gave the pupils some helpful _____ of their work.
(1) critical (2) critic
(3) criticize (4) criticism ()
- 15 Congratulations Jo, you have made a big _____ in your writing this year.
(1) improve (2) improving
(3) improved (4) improvement ()
- 16 The United Nations is an international _____.
(1) organize (2) organization
(3) organizer (4) organized ()

Exercise B

Fill in the gaps with the correct **noun** form of the word in brackets.

Computers

Recent years have seen the (1) _____ (appear) of different means of (2) _____ (communicate). More and more people have a computer at home and they use it to play games, find (3) _____ (inform) on the Net and also to communicate. You can send e-mails, write your own blog and chat to other people. It is amazing how easily you can communicate with someone on the other side of the world. It has brought (4) _____ (happy) and (5) _____ (reassure) to many, knowing that a friend or member of their family is only a click of the mouse away. Some people say it has become an aid in (6) _____ (educate) and even brought more (7) _____ (equal), as most children become computer literate. But it has also caused concern. Who takes the (8) _____ (responsible) of making sure that the Net doesn't give false facts? Is there enough (9) _____ (protect) from fraud and (10) _____ (misinform)? Do young people rely too much on computers for their (11) _____ (entertain)? Does it destroy our (12) _____ (create)? The experts are now trying to find answers to these questions.





Exercise C

Fill in the gaps with the correct **noun** form of the word in brackets.

Railways and trains

The very first railways were wagons pulled by horses along wooden tracks carrying materials from coal mines, about 600 years ago. The first train to carry passengers was built in Wales in 1806, and this was also drawn by horses. After the (1) _____ (invent) of steam engines, railways gained (2) _____ (popular) when it was realized that trains could go much faster than the other forms of transport of those days. There are now railways all over the world, which offer greater (3) _____ (flexible) to (4) _____ (travel). In some ways the railways reflect the national (5) _____ (identify) of a country. There are still some steam engines but most trains today use diesel fuel or (6) _____ (electric) as the source of energy. Since the 1960s many countries now have trains which travel at very high speeds, giving people the (7) _____ (able) to travel very quickly. These fast trains have several advantages over other forms of transport. They have a greater (8) _____ (efficient) because they travel at high speeds and carry many people at once. Passengers find that they are less stressed when travelling by train and that they are able to relax, or work, if they want. Trains are also more respectful to the (9) _____ (surround) as they cause less (10) _____ (pollute). Several more countries are planning to adopt high-speed trains. There is a (11) _____ (propose) to build a high-speed train link between Kuala Lumpur and Singapore. This train would take 90 minutes. As a (12) _____ (compare), you need 4 hours to drive this distance by car and the plane takes 2 hours (if you include the time needed to check in at the airport).